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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/734,856	12/12/2000	Masatsugu Takeuchi	FUJI 18.099	4740
26304	7590	04/21/2005	EXAMINER	
KATTEN MUCHIN ZAVIS ROSENMAN			PERILLA, JASON M	
575 MADISON AVENUE			ART UNIT	
NEW YORK, NY 10022-2585			PAPER NUMBER	
			2634	

DATE MAILED: 04/21/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

11A

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/734,856

Applicant(s)

TAKEUCHI ET AL.

Examiner

Jason M Perilla

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --**Period for Reply**

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 November 2004.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1,3-8 and 10 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1,3,7,8 and 10 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 4-6 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 21 June 2004 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☒ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1, 3-8, and 10 are pending in the instant application.

Response to Arguments/Amendments

2. The prior art rejections set forth in the office action dated November 12, 2004 have been withdrawn.
3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 7 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection below.

Claim Objections

4. Claims 1-6 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Regarding claim 1, in line 4, "the received signal sequences" should be replaced by –the plurality of received signal sequences—and "said received" should be replaced by –said plurality of received--, and, in lines 7 and 10, "the received-signal" should be replaced by –the plurality of received-signal—in each case.

Regarding claims 4 and 6, the claims are objected to for the same reasons as applied to claim 1 above.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

6. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claim 10, the claim is rejected because one skilled in the art is unable to determine how the spreading code of the first and second patterns are different according to parent claim 7 (lines 19-20) although the correlation of the first received signal and the second received signal is performed by a common (same) de-spreading code according to dependent claim 10. The claim is indefinite because one skilled in the art is unable to determine if the spreading codes are different or the same.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

7. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

8. Claims 1, 3, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hennedy et al (US 5999562; hereafter "Hennedy").

Regarding claim 1, Hennedy discloses by figure 8 an apparatus, comprising: a plurality of received-signal registers (I SIGNAL, Q SIGNAL REG.) which receive and store therein a plurality of respective received-signal sequences (col. 25, lines 35-41); a selector (MULTIPLEXER) which selects one of the received signal sequences stored in said received-signal registers (col. 25, lines 60-65); at least one code register (DATA REFERENCE SIGNAL REGISTER) which stores therein a de-spreading-code sequence (col. 26, line 15, col. 28, lines 4-11), a multiplication circuit (XOR gates) which multiplies the selected one of the received-signal sequences by the de-spreading-code sequence (col. 26, lines 20-25, 60-65); and a summation circuit (AND gates) which

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obtains a sum of results of the multiplication to obtain a correlation between the selected one of the received-signal sequences and the de-spreading-code sequence (; wherein said at least one code register includes a first code register storing a first de-spreading code (I_SIG code) and a second code register storing a second de-spreading code (Q_SIG code; col. 27, lines 60-65), wherein the pattern of the first de-spreading code and the pattern of the second de-spreading code are different, and said apparatus further comprising a selector (MULTIPLEXER) which selects one of said first code register and said second code register to select and supply the de-spreading-code sequence to the multiplication circuit. The at least one code register as illustrated in figure 8 of Hennedy is shown as a single code register coupled to a multiplexer. However, the single code register is described as containing the I_SIG and Q_SIG reference signals. It is apparent to one having skill in the art that the I SIGNAL and the Q SIGNAL registers contain different spread sequences and would therefore require different reference spreading codes for de-spreading. Hence, a multiplexer is coupled to the data reference signal register to choose an independent reference signal depending upon a correlation to occur with the I or Q received signal. Further, Hennedy discloses that the matched filter apparatus illustrated in figure 8 performs correlations of two independent signals by multiplexing its operations (col. 25, lines 60-65).

Regarding claim 3, Hennedy discloses the limitations of claim 1 as applied above. Further, Hennedy discloses a delay profile-holding circuit (fig. 1, ref. 41) which generates a delay profile (fig. 3) based on correlations obtained by the summation

circuit (col. 12, lines 55-65); and a path timing detection circuit (fig. 1, ref. 46) which detect a path timing by detecting a peak of the delay profile (col. 12, lines 5-12).

Regarding claim 7, Hennedy discloses an apparatus for obtaining a correlation by figure 8 wherein a correlation calculating unit calculates the correlation while shifting, relative to a de-spreading code, a phase of a received signal spread by a spreading code, comprising; a first shift register (I SIGNAL REGISTER) configured to store a first received signal (col. 25, lines 35-40); a second shift register (Q SIGNAL REGISTER) configured to store a second received signal (col. 25, lines 35-40); a selector unit (MULTIPLEXER) configured to selectively output one of the first received signal and the second received signal (col. 25, lines 60-65); and a control unit (fig. 1, ref. 46) configured to cause said selector unit to output the first received signal and to cause the correlation calculating unit to calculate a correlation with respect to the first received signal, followed by causing said selector unit to output the second received signal and by causing the correlation calculating unit to calculate a correlation with respect to the second received signal (col. 29, lines 9-15); wherein the first received signal is a signal spread by a first spreading code and the second received signal is a signal spread by a second spreading code (i.e. "independent; col. 25, lines 60-65), said apparatus further comprising: a de-spreading code selecting unit (MULTIPLEXER) configured to select a first de-spreading code corresponding to the first spreading code for correlation calculation of the first received signal, and to select a second de-spreading code corresponding to the second spreading code for correlation calculation of the second

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received signal, such that each of a pattern of the first spreading code and a pattern of the second spreading code are different.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

10. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hennedy.

Regarding claim 8, Hennedy discloses the limitations of claim 7 as applied above. Hennedy does not explicitly disclose that the second shift register shifts the second received signal to set the second received signal to a predetermined phase while correlation calculation is being performed for the first received signal. However, Hennedy teaches that in the multiplex correlator as illustrated in figures 1, 2, and 8, the in-phase and quadrature received signals must be in alignment with the local in-phase and quadrature signals for correlation to be performed (col. 21, lines 10-16). That is, before correlation may be performed, the signals in the shift registers must be at a predetermined phase alignment. Hennedy teaches that the use of the multiplexed arrangement saves physical volume and power (col. 21, lines 29-31), but requires that the shift registers must be fully loaded and in the correct phase alignment for correlation (col. 21, lines 16-25). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time which the invention was made to align the second received signal register to a predetermined phase while correlation is being performed on the first

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received signal because it would allow for correlation of the second received signal to be preformed correctly and immediately after the first received signal is correlated as taught and implied by Hennedy.

Allowable Subject Matter

11. Claims 4-6 are indicated to contain allowable subject matter.
12. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

Claims 4-6 are indicated to contain allowable subject matter because the prior art of record does not anticipate or obviate all the features of independent claims 4 and 6. In particular, the prior art of record does not disclose the first and second sequence order control circuits to rearrange the received signal sequences and corresponding delay profiles of claim 4, and the prior art of record does not disclose the N received signal holding units and the selector to select one of the N received signal holding units to apply to a one of the plurality of received signal registers of claim 6.


Conclusion

13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jason M Perilla whose telephone number is (571) 272-3055. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-5 EST.

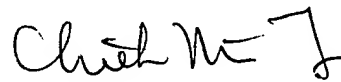
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Chin can be reached on (571) 272-3056. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).


Jason M. Perilla
April 14, 2005

jmp


CHIEH M. FAN
PRIMARY EXAMINER